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October 12, 2021

Ms. Moriana Philip General Manager Republic of the Marshall Islands National Environmental Protection Authority Fund

Dear Ms. Philip:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Republic of the Marshall Islands National Environmental Protection Authority Fund (EPA) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, on which we have issued our report dated October 12, 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered EPA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of EPA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of EPA's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. However, in connection with our audit, we identified, and included in the attached Appendix I, deficiencies related to EPA's internal control over financial reporting and other matters related to EPA's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2020 that we wish to bring to your attention.

We have also issued a separate report to the Board of Directors, also dated October 12, 2021 on our consideration of EPA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters.

The definition of a deficiency is also set forth in the attached Appendix I.

A description of the responsibility of management for establishing and maintaining internal control over financial reporting and of the objectives of and inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, is set forth in the attached Appendix II and should be read in conjunction with this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, others within the organization, and the Office of the Auditor-General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We will be pleased to discuss the attached comments with you and, if desired, to assist you in implementing any of the suggestions.

We wish to thank the staff and management of EPA for their cooperation and assistance during the course of this engagement.

Very truly yours,

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#### **SECTION I - CONTROL DEFICIENCIES**

We identified, and have included below, control deficiencies involving EPA's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2020 that we wish to bring to your attention:

#### 1) Revenues

During the year ended September 30, 2020, we noted duplicate recording of a \$5,000 earthmoving permit (invoice # 20-099). An audit adjustment was proposed to correct this matter. We recommend management establish internal control policies and procedures requiring that revenues be accurately supported, identified, and recorded in the correct accounting period.

# 2) Travel Advances

At September 30, 2020, EPA recorded unliquidated travel advances of \$8,359. Established EPA travel policy requires the submission of travel liquidation reports within one week upon completion of travel. Management subsequently identified and corrected a \$5,626 misstatement. We recommend that management establish internal control policies and procedures requiring timely reconciliation and independent monitoring of travel advance general ledger account balances.

### 3) Bank Reconciliations

The September 30, 2020 bank reconciliations contained 2 unreleased checks and 5 stale-dated checks amounting \$4,484 and 2,262, respectively. As these amounts were not considered material to the financial statements, no audit adjustments were proposed. We recommend management establish internal control policies and procedures over the monitoring and disposition of unreleased and stale-dated checks.

# 4) Equipment

During the year ended September 30, 2020, various purchases of equipment totaling \$5,755, which individually exceeded the \$300 capitalization threshold, were not recorded as capital assets. An audit adjustment was proposed to correct this matter. Furthermore, two fully depreciated boats recorded on the capital asset register located in Woja and Jaluit were previously retired. We recommend management establish internal control policies and procedures requiring compliance with the asset capitalization policy. Furthermore, we recommend management periodically perform capital asset inventory procedures to verify the veracity of the capital asset register.

#### 5) Unrecorded Subsidy

During the year ended September 30, 2020, RepMar recognized payroll and other expenses of \$352,872 on-behalf of EPA; however, EPA did not recognize such as a subsidy. We recommend management establish internal control policies and procedures requiring the recognition and recording of on-behalf payments provided by RepMar.

#### **SECTION II - OTHER MATTERS**

Our observations concerning other matters related to operations, compliance with laws and regulations, and best practices involving internal control over financial reporting that we wish to bring to your attention at this time are as follows:

#### 1) Financial Consultant

In 2020, EPA contracted a foreign national Financial Consultant as an independent contractor, which may not comply with local labor laws and regulations. The Office of the Attorney General subsequently issued a memorandum prohibiting foreign nationals from contracting with government agencies unless applicable labor laws and regulations are adhered to. We recommend management comply with local labor laws and regulations in contracting with foreign nationals.

## **SECTION II - OTHER MATTERS, CONTINUED**

# 2) Board Sitting Fees

During the year ended September 30, 2020, EPA paid sitting fees of \$4,200 to Board members. These fees may constitute wages under the Income Tax Act 1989 and thus be subject to withholding taxes. No withholding taxes were withheld by EPA. We recommend management obtain an interpretation from the Ministry of Finance, Banking and Postal Services Chief of Revenue and Taxation concerning the applicability of withholding taxes on sitting fees paid to Board members.

#### **SECTION III - DEFINITIONS**

The definition of a deficiency is as follows:

A deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A deficiency in design exists when (a) a control necessary to meet the control objective is missing or (b) an existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met. A deficiency in operation exists when (a) a properly designed control does not operate as designed, or (b) the person performing the control does not possess the necessary authority or competence to perform the control effectively.

# MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR, AND THE OBJECTIVES AND LIMITATIONS OF, INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The following comments concerning management's responsibility for internal control over financial reporting and the objectives and inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting are adapted from auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Management's Responsibility

EPA's management is responsible for the overall accuracy of the financial statements and their conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In this regard, management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting.

## **Objectives of Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Internal control over financial reporting is a process affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel and designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Internal control over the safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include controls related to financial reporting and operations objectives. Generally, controls that are relevant to an audit of financial statements are those that pertain to the entity's objective of reliable financial reporting (i.e., the preparation of reliable financial statements that are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles).

# **Inherent Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.