(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

MARSHALL ISLANDS POSTAL SERVICE AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the Republic of the Marshall Islands, which comprise the statements of net position as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 7 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Other Supplementary Information listed in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 12, 2016 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

July 12, 2016

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Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

As management of the Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Authority's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

The Authority was created by the Postal Service Act of 1983 for the purpose of establishing an effective and efficient postal service for the Republic. The operation of the Authority were accounted for as a separate fund within the Government of the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RepMar) Ministry of Finance. Effective October 1, 2008, the Authority established a separate bank account outside of RepMar's Treasury for the purpose of receiving and disbursing funds in accordance with the Postal Service Fund (Amendment) Act of 2007. Accordingly, the accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis only pertains to the operations of the Authority once the operation were separated from RepMar's Ministry of Finance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of business for the year by \$270,600 (Net Position) increasing by \$122,609 from \$147,991 in the prior year to \$270,600.
- As of the close of business on September 30, 2015, the Authority earned \$564,743 in revenues. Most of these were derived from revenues generated from stamp sales and postal box rentals, which account for 74% and 16% (or 90 %) of the total revenue earned during the year. On the other hand, the Authority incurred various expenses, which are directly and indirectly related to the provision of domestic and international mail services, and which totaled \$532,027. These expenses were funded by the operating revenues generated by the Authority.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's financial statements. The Authority's financial statements are comprised of four (4) components: 1) Statement of Net Assets, 2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, 3) Statement of Cash Flows, and 4) Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Authority, like other government agencies, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The Authority is comprised of a single proprietary fund. A proprietary fund operates by charging its customer a fee for the service provided (operating revenue), like a typical business enterprise. A proprietary fund may also receive revenue from government agencies as grants or support (non-operating revenue). These financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the different between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. The statement of net position can be found on page 8.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. accounts receivable and accounts payable). The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position can be found on page 9.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information showing how the Authority's cash increased or decreased during the year. Cash is received and used in three ways: operating activities, capital and non-capital financing activities, and investing activities. The statement of cash flows can be found on pages 10.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11.

Financial Analysis

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a governmental entity's financial position. The Summary Statement of Net Position below was prepared to give insight on the Authority's resources, liabilities, and net position. At the close of business on September 30, 2015, the Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$272,600, which comprised of net investment in capital assets of \$49,763, with the remainder of \$220,837 available for future operations. Accordingly, this means that there are unrestricted assets available to be used to finance the day-to-day operation of the Authority.

Summary Statement of Net Position

Assats	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 454,775 _49,763	\$ 315,903 <u>45,410</u>	\$ 244,693 <u>33,305</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>504,538</u>	\$ <u>361,313</u>	\$ <u>277,998</u>
Liabilities:			
Current and other liabilities	\$ <u>233,938</u>	\$ <u>213,322</u>	\$ <u>189,113</u>
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	49,763 <u>220,837</u>	45,410 <u>102,581</u>	33,305 55,580
Total net position	270,600	<u>147,991</u>	88,885
	\$ <u>504,538</u>	\$ <u>361,313</u>	\$ <u>277,998</u>

Changes in Position

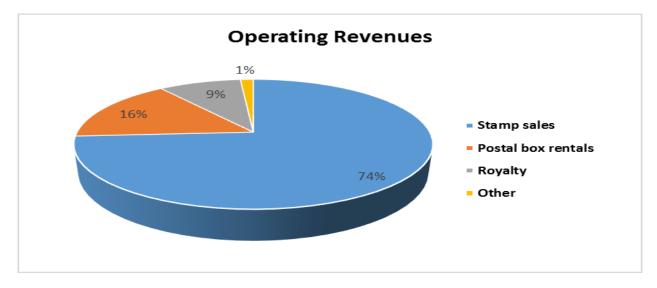
Current year activities resulted in a positive net position of the Authority of \$122,609. The summary statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position below was prepared to show the net position calculation for the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

Summary Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 546,795	\$ 527,313	\$ 493,341
	532,027	468,207	484,165
Operating income	14,768	59,106	9,176
Non-operating revenues	<u>107,841</u>		(623)
Changes in net position	\$ <u>122,609</u>	\$ <u>59,106</u>	\$ <u>8,553</u>

The Authority's net revenues earned and reported at the end of the year amounted to \$546,795. Approximately 90% or \$506,883 of the Authority's revenue generated during the year comes from stamp sales and postal box rental fees, which accounts for 74% and 16%, respectively, of the total revenue earned during the year. The Authority recorded provision for uncollectible accounts of \$17,948 in 2015. The chart below was prepared to describe the composition of the Authority's revenue sources for 2015.



Revenue Sources

The major source of revenue of the Authority is the sale of stamps for domestic and international mail. As indicated below, stamp sales have increased by 13% from FY 2010 to FY 2011, 3% from FY 2011 to FY 2012 5% from FY 2012 to FY 2013, and 7% from FY2013 to FY2014, and further 5% from FY2014 to FY2015. The primary reason for this increase is the return of the domestic status in November 2007 by the United States Postal Service, the addition of 770 new PO BOXES for both Uliga and Airport Stations, and the excellent services provided.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

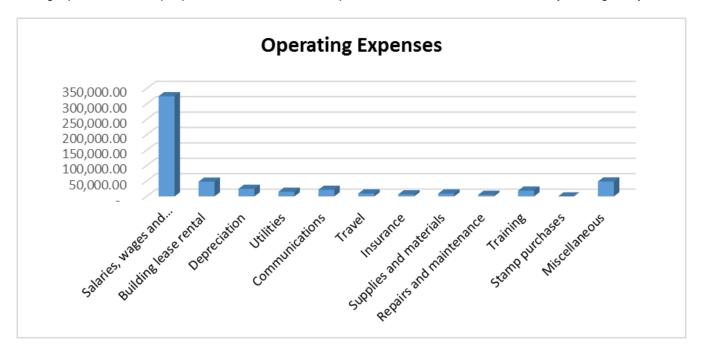
Revenue Sources Continued

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Stamp sales	\$ 418,020	\$ 368,786	\$ 345,928	\$ 294,575	\$ 282,936
Postal box rental	88,863	86,204	67,224	81,442	65,820
Postage meters	-	-	-	25,660	39,420
Royalty	50,005	61,222	60,872	59,895	53,246
Others	<u> 7,855</u>	<u>11,101</u>	<u> 19,317</u>	10,018	16,882
	\$ <u>564,743</u>	\$ <u>527,313</u>	\$ <u>493,341</u>	\$ <u>471,590</u>	\$ <u>458,304</u>

Expense Distribution

Total costs incurred as of the close of business on September 30, 2015 were \$532,027. Of this amount, the Authority incurred \$325,165 and \$47,720, respectively, for salaries for employees and building rental. These expense line items account for 70% of the total expense of \$532,027 incurred during the year.

The graph below was prepared to describe the expenses distribution of the Authority during the year.



Capital Asset and Debt

During the year, the Authority purchased various equipments, and other fixed assets at a cost of approximately \$31,462. For additional information concerning capital assets, please refer to Note 3 of the accompanying financial statements.

Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority did not incur any long-term debt nor have any outstanding debt at the end of the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority plays an important role in the provision of service excellence to the people who are either sending or receiving their mail.

With commitment and strive for excellence, MIPSA continues to improve its customer services with added new post office substation at the Amata International Airport amongst other initiatives.

Compared to previous years, both inbound and outbound mail volume and revenue collection have been increased significantly. By the same token, Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority was able to make surplus 5 consecutive years despite rise in electricity, fuel cost, and personnel expenses.

With the philosophy for commitment and strive for excellence, public trust, and high standard of accountability by the board of directors and the management, MIPSA continues to contribute and assist the economic development of the Marshall Islands.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The Financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the Post Office's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Postmaster General, Post Office, Majuro, MH 96960.

Statements of Net Position September 30, 2015 and 2014

ASSETS		2015	2014
Current assets:			
Cash	\$	319,094 \$	242,292
Receivables:			
Postal box rental		84,888	75,529
Due from RepMar		26,313	-
Other		34,000	27,636
		145,201	103,165
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(64,731)	(57,285)
		80,470	45,880
Inventory		20,128	22,040
Prepaid expenses		15,083	5,691
Total current assets		434,775	315,903
Deposit on vehicle		20,000	-
Capital assets, net		49,763	45,410
	\$	504,538 \$	361,313
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	8,842 \$	6,047
Lease rental payable		143,431	131,855
Payable to affiliates		13,291	15,997
Accrued payroll		21,258	17,825
Accrued annual leave payable		9,334	7,488
Unearned income		22,554	21,893
Total current liabilities		218,710	201,105
Accrued annual leave payable, net of current portion		15,228	12,217
Total liabilities		233,938	213,322
Commitments and contingency			
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		49,763	45,410
Unrestricted		220,837	102,581
Total net position		270,600	147,991
	\$ <u></u>	504,538 \$	361,313

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	_	2015	2014
Operating revenues:			
Stamp sales	\$	418,020 \$	368,786
Postal box rentals		88,863	86,204
Royalty		50,005	61,222
Other		7,855	11,101
Total operating revenues		564,743	527,313
Less provision for uncollectible accounts		(17,948)	-
		546,795	527,313
Operating expenses:			
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		325,165	294,499
Building lease rental		47,720	50,301
Depreciation		24,672	24,870
Communications		21,625	20,201
Training		18,817	-
Utilities		14,947	21,770
Travel		9,579	13,561
Supplies and materials		9,196	4,771
Insurance		6,719	5,140
Repairs and maintenance		5,116	783
Miscellaneous		48,471	32,311
Total operating expenses	_	532,027	468,207
Operating income		14,768	59,106
Nonoperating income:			
Contributions from RepMar		105,278	-
Gain on disposal of capital assets		2,563	-
		107,841	-
Change in net position		122,609	59,106
Net position at beginning of year		147,991	88,885
Net position at end of year	\$	270,600 \$	147,991

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 539,179 \$	514,479
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(175,299)	(131,253)
Cash payments to employees for services	(319,581)	(291,498)
Net cash provided by operating activities	44,299	91,728
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Contributions from RepMar	 78,965	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	5,000	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(51,462)	(36,975)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(46,462)	(36,975)
Net change in cash	 76,802	54,753
Cash at beginning of year	242,292	187,539
Cash at end of year	\$ 319,094 \$	242,292
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		_
operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 14,768 \$	59,106
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:	24,672	24 970
Depreciation Provision for uncollectible accounts	24,672 17,948	24,870
(Increase) decrease in assets:	17,010	
Receivables	(26,225)	(12,756)
Inventory	1,912	(1,724)
Prepaid expenses	(9,392)	(1,977)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,795	2,811
Lease rental payable	11,576	18,475
Payable to affiliates	(2,706)	2,080
Accrued payroll	3,433	892
Accrued annual leave payable	4,857	29
Unearned income	 661	(78)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 44,299 \$	91,728

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(1) Organization

The Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RepMar), was created by the Postal Service Act of 1983 for the purpose of establishing an effective and efficient postal service for the Republic. The Authority provides both domestic and international mail services from three service outlets - the Uliga and Delap postal stations located on Majuro Atoll, and the Ebeye postal station located on Kwajalein Atoll.

The operations of the Authority were accounted for as a separate fund within RepMar's Ministry of Finance. Effective October 1, 2008, the Authority established a separate bank account outside of RepMar's Treasury for the purpose of receiving and disbursing funds in accordance with the Postal Service Fund (Amendment) Act of 2007. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements relate solely to those accounting records maintained by the Authority and do not incorporate any accounts related to the Authority's operations that may be accounted for by RepMar's Treasury or any of RepMar's other branches, departmental units or component units.

The Authority is governed by a five-member Board of Directors appointed by the President of RepMar. The Board of Directors, in turn, is responsible for the appointment of the Postmaster General who oversees the day-to-day operations of the Authority. The Authority's financial statements are incorporated into the financial statements of RepMar as a component unit.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, establish standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net position categories:

- Net investment in capital assets capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position whose use by the Authority is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the Authority pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. The Authority has no restricted net position at September 30, 2015 and 2014.
- Unrestricted net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted
 net position may be designated for specific purposes by action by management or the Board
 of Directors or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Basis of Accounting

Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included in the statements of net position. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases and decreases in net position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The Authority considers revenues and costs that are directly related to operations to be operating revenues and expenses. Revenues and expenses related to financing and other activities are reflected as nonoperating.

Cash

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Such deposits are not covered by depository insurance and are either uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or held by the pledging financial institution but not in the depositor-government's name. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

For purposes of the statements of net position and cash flows, cash is defined as cash on hand and cash held in demand accounts. As of September 30, 2015 and 2014, the carrying amount of cash was \$319,094 and \$242,292, respectively, and the corresponding bank balances were \$324,319 and \$254,026, respectively. Of the bank balance amounts, \$49,174 and \$15,667, respectively, were maintained in a financial institution subject to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. The remaining bank deposits of \$275,145 and \$238,359, respectively, were maintained in a financial institution not subject to depository insurance. The Authority does not require collateralization of its cash deposits; therefore, bank deposits in excess of FDIC insurance coverage are uncollateralized. Accordingly, these deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Receivables

All receivables are due from businesses and individuals located within the Republic of the Marshall Islands and are interest free and uncollateralized. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is stated at an amount which management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on accounts receivable that may become uncollectible based on evaluations of the collectability of these accounts and prior collection experience. The allowance is established through a provision for bad debts charged to current operations. Accounts are written off using the specific identification method.

Stamp Inventory

Stamp inventory consists of stamps purchased for resale and are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market value.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Fixed Assets

The Authority does not have a capitalization policy for fixed assets; however, items with a cost that equals or exceeds \$100 are generally capitalized at the time of acquisition. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives of these assets are as follows:

Motor vehicles 3 years Other furniture and equipment 5 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (deduction of net position) until then. The Authority has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. As of September 30, 2015 and 2014, the accumulated vacation leave liability totals \$24,562 and \$19,705, respectively.

Unearned Income

Unearned income includes amounts received for postal box rental fees prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (additions to net position) until then. The Authority has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

<u>Taxes</u>

Corporate profits are not subject to income tax in the Republic of the Marshall Islands. The Government of the Republic of the Marshall Islands imposes a gross receipts tax of 3% on revenues. The Authority is specifically exempt from this tax.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors or persons for goods and services reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

New Accounting Standards

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Authority implemented the following pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, which revise and establish new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. The implementation of these statements did not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, which improves accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments' combinations and disposals of government operations. Government combinations include mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. A disposal of government operations can occur through a transfer to another government or a sale. The implementation of this statement did not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and requires entities to expand their fair value disclosures by determining major categories of debt and equity securities within the fair value hierarchy on the basis of the nature and risk of the investment. The provisions in Statement No.72 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. Management believes that the implementation of this statement only requires additional disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques and will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68, which aligns the reporting requirements for pensions and pension plans not covered in GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 with the reporting requirements in Statement No. 68. The provisions in Statement No. 73 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015, with the exception of the provisions that address employers and governmental non-employer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, and addresses financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). The provisions in Statement No. 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

New Accounting Standards, Continued

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, and provides guidance on reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. The provisions in Statement No. 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, which eliminates two of the four categories of authoritative GAAP that exist under the existing hierarchy prescribed by Statement No. 55. The two categories that will remain under the new standard are (1) GASB Statements and (2) GASB technical bulletins and implementation guides in addition to AICPA guidance that the GASB clears. The provisions in Statement No. 76 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements.

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreements. The provisions in Statement No. 77 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements.

(3) Fixed Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	October 1, <u>2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	September 30, 2015
Motor vehicles	\$ 114,220	\$ 26,245	\$ 25,995	\$ 114,470
Office furniture and equipment	_52,482	<u>5,217</u>		<u>57,699</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	166,702	31,462	25,995	172,169
	<u>(121,292</u>)	(<u>24,672</u>)	(<u>23,558)</u>	(<u>122,406</u>)
	\$ <u>45,410</u>	\$ <u>6,790</u>	\$ <u>2,437</u>	\$ <u>49,763</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(3) Fixed Assets, Continued

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	October 1, 2013	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	September 30, 2014
Motor vehicles Office furniture and equipment	\$ 78,245 <u>51,482</u>	\$ 35,975 <u>1,000</u>	\$ - 	\$ 114,220 <u>52,482</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	129,727 <u>(96,422</u>)	36,975 (<u>24,870</u>)	<u>-</u>	166,702 (<u>121,292</u>)
	\$ <u>33,305</u>	\$ <u>12,105</u>		\$ <u>45,410</u>

(4) Change in Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities will be liquidated in the future from the Authority's operations. During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported as part of the Authority's long-term liabilities in the statements of net position:

	Balance October 1, 2014	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance September <u>30, 2015</u>	Due Within One Year
Other liabilities: Compensated absences	<u>\$ 19,705</u>	\$ 22,334	<u>\$ (17,477)</u>	<u>\$ 24,562</u>	\$ 9,334
	Balance October 1, 2013	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2014	Due Within One Year
Other liabilities: Compensated absences	<u>\$ 19,676</u>	<u>\$ 20,496</u>	<u>\$ (20,467)</u>	<u>\$ 19,705</u>	<u>\$ 7,488</u>

(5) Related Party Transactions

The Authority is a component unit of RepMar and is therefore affiliated with all RepMar-owned and affiliated entities. The Authority provides postal services to all RepMar-owned and affiliated entities at substantially the same terms and conditions as those provided to third parties.

The Authority utilizes services from certain affiliated entities at substantially the same terms and conditions as those incurred from third parties.

During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the operations of the Authority was funded by appropriations of \$105,278 and \$0, respectively, from the Nitijela of RepMar, of which \$26,313 and \$0, respectively, represent amounts due and receivable from RepMar as of the respective year ends.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(5) Related Party Transactions, Continued

A summary of related party transactions as of and for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

		2015
	Expenses	<u>Payables</u>
Marshall Islands Social Security Administration Marshall Islands National Telecommunications	\$ 28,533	\$ 11,430
Authority	21,625	-
Marshalls Energy Company, Inc.	14,947	-
RepMar	<u> </u>	<u> 1,861</u>
	\$ <u>65,105</u>	\$ <u>13,291</u>
		2014
	Expenses	<u>Payables</u>
Marshall Islands Social Security Administration Marshall Islands National Telecommunications	\$ 29,613	\$ 11,939
Authority	20,201	-
Marshalls Energy Company, Inc.	21,770	-
RepMar		4,058
	\$ 71,584	\$ <u>15.997</u>

(6) Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority has elected to purchase commercial insurance from independent third parties for the risks of loss to which it is exposed. No instances have occurred in the past three years where settlements have exceeded available insurance coverage.

(7) Commitments

On September 11, 1981, the Authority entered into a ten-year lease for the Ebeye Post Office, with an option to extend for an additional four terms of five years each subject to incremental rent increases, which expired on September 11, 2011. The terms of the lease requires lease rental payments of \$1,227 per month. The Authority entered into a new lease agreement, which commenced on December 20, 2014 and expires on December 20, 2015. On September 30, 2015, the Authority exercised the option to renew the lease agreement for 3 years. During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, related rent expense was \$14,730.

On January 1, 2008, the Authority entered into a five-year lease for the Delap Post Office, with an option to extend for an additional four terms of five years each subject to renegotiation of the payment provisions. The Authority exercised the option to renew for an additional five-year period to expire on December 31, 2017. The lease terms require rental payments of \$800 per month. During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, related rent expense was \$9,600.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015 and 2014

(7) Commitments, Continued

On May 1, 2012, the Authority entered into a two-year lease for the Uliga Post Office, with an option to extend for an additional three terms of two years each subject to renegotiation of the payment provisions. The terms of the lease require rental payments of \$1,843 per month. During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, related rent expense was \$22,118 and \$22,328, respectively.

On February 1, 2013, the Authority entered into a two-year lease agreement for the Airport Post Office, with an option to extend for an additional term of five years subject to renegotiation of the payment provisions. The Authority exercised the option to renew the lease for 2 years, which commenced on February 1, 2015 and expires on January 21. 2017. The terms of the lease require rental payments of \$150 per month and \$250 per month starting June 2015. During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, related rent expense was \$2,220 and \$1,800, respectively.

Total future minimum lease payments for subsequent years ending September 30, are as follows:

September 30,	
2016	\$ 46,718
2017	46,718
2018	46,718
2019	46,718
2020	25,502
2021 - 2025	63,000
2026 - 2030	63,000
2031 - 2035	44,200
	\$ <u>382,574</u>

(8) Contingency

The Authority is currently delinquent on \$128,110 of payments for the Ebeye Post Office lease dating back to April 2000. The delinquent amount is based on a monthly rental payment of \$1,227; however, the lease entered into stipulated incremental lease payments ranging from \$1,665 to \$1,980 per month. The Authority is in the process of formalizing the lease with a monthly payment of \$1,227. In the event that the Authority is unable to reach an agreement with the landlord, either the Authority or RepMar may be liable for additional rental payments of \$115,998. No provision for any liability that may result upon resolution of this matter has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Combining Schedule of Operating Income (Loss) By Station Year Ended September 30, 2015

	 Uliga	Delap		Airport	Ebeye	Total
Operating revenues:						
Stamp sales	\$ 239,708	54,360	\$	85,026 \$	38,926 \$	418,020
Postal box rentals	59,469	6,332		1,206	21,856	88,863
Royalty	50,005	-		-	-	50,005
Other	6,607	87		326	835	7,855
Total operating revenues	 355,789	60,779		86,558	61,617	564,743
Less provision fro uncollectible accounts	 (17,948)	-				(17,948)
	337,841	60,779		86,558	61,617	546,795
Operating expenses:						
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	259,634	14,879		-	50,652	325,165
Building lease rental	21,410	9,600		1,980	14,730	47,720
Depreciation	23,306	-		-	1,366	24,672
Communications	13,494	716		126	7,289	21,625
Training	18,817	-		-	-	18,817
Utilities	14,587	-		360	-	14,947
Travel	8,582	-		-	997	9,579
Supplies and materials	7,765	-		-	1,431	9,196
Insurance	6,719	-		-	-	6,719
Repairs and maintenance	5,116	-		-	-	5,116
Miscellaneous	 41,430	-	_	-	7,041	48,471
Total operating expenses	 420,860	25,195		2,466	83,506	532,027
Operating income (loss)	\$ (83,019) \$	35,584		84,092 \$	(21,889)	14,768

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors
Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Marshall Islands Postal Service Authority (the Authority), which comprise the statement of net position as of September 30, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and of cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 12, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Out Hack II

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

July 12, 2016

Unresolved Prior Year Findings Year Ended September 30, 2015

There were no unresolved audit findings from prior year audits of the Authority.